## FIND THAT BOOK **Deciphering the mystery of call numbers**

**Call numbers** reveal book subjects and act as their home addresses, helping us find them on the shelf in the library. They come from a classification system, and at the University of Waterloo, we use the Library of Congress (LC) classification system that

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organizes items by main subject.





PN

(subject line)

- Call numbers appear vertically on the **spines** of the books, read line by line from top to bottom.
- **Omni**, our library catalogue, shows them horizontally, read from left to right. PN2593.13.S68 H56 2010







LC call numbers have an **alpha-numeric** sequence and expand by adding additional lines.

Tackle it with a **line-by-line approach!** 

1st line: read alphabetically

**Hint:** Single letters come before double.

3rd line: read letters alphabetically & the numbers digit-by-digit

**S68 Hint:** These are always decimals even if period is not present (e.g., S68 reads as S, six, eight, not as S sixty-eight).

5th line: Read chronologically

**Hint:** These details differentiate copies with identical call numbers. 2010 (date)

Call numbers also

help you browse subject areas as books on related topics are shelved together. For **example**, if you find this book on Dramaturgy, you can look to the left, right, above, and below that book on the shelf for others on a similar topic.

2nd line: read numerically as a whole number

**Hint:** If the whole number 2593.13 is followed by a decimal point, read it digit by digit (e.g., 9.4 is 9.40).

H56 (author line) 4th line: read the same as the 3rd line, if present

**Example of books on the** shelf with call numbers in order



